Unit- Industrialization: Mini Assessment

1. What was the primary goal of the Dawes Act of 1887 regarding Native American Indians?
	1. Assimilating Native American Indians into mainstream American life
	2. Increasing the size of Native American Indian reservations
	3. Promoting Native American Indian languages and cultures
	4. Strengthening Native American tribal governments
2. Which proposal by the Granger movement during the 1870s attracted the support for many western farmers?
	1. The money supply should be deflated by removing paper currency from circulation
	2. Shipping rates and grain storage fees charged by railroads should be regulated
	3. Immigrants should be given land on the Great Plains
	4. The government should control the development of resources in the West
3. How were the Granger movement and the formation of the Populist Party similar?
	1. Both wanted to end the practice of sharecropping
	2. Both wanted to improve conditions for farmers
	3. Both wanted to provide housing for urban dwellers
	4. Both wanted to increase profits for railroad companies

Base your answer to question 4 on the legislation below and on your knowledge of social studies.



1. What can the passage of this legislation be attributed to?
	1. Demands by business for additional workers
	2. Efforts of the American Federation of Labor to recruit skilled workers
	3. Pressure from railroads to limit competition in shipping
	4. Economic and race-based opposition to immigrants in the western United States
2. In the late 19th and early 20th centuries, which of the following was a goal of the American Federation of Labor (AFL)?
	1. End restrictions on child labor
	2. Join all workers into a single union
	3. Improve wages and working conditions
	4. Admit women to the industrial workforce

Base your answers to questions 6 and 7 on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.



1. Based on the information provided by the cartoon, what was President Theodore Roosevelt’s goal?
	1. Persuade businesses to accept nationalization
	2. Assist businesses in resisting interference by investors
	3. Establish worker safety regulations in factories
	4. Use federal power to control monopolies
2. Which act of Congress gave President Roosevelt the authority that he demonstrates in this cartoon?
	1. Meat Inspection Act
	2. Sherman Antitrust Act
	3. Underwood Tariff Act
	4. Pure Food and Drug Act
3. What was the term *muckraker* used to describe during the Progressive Era?
	1. Dissatisfied workers who went on strike
	2. Northerners who went South following the Civil War
	3. Investigative journalists who exposed societal problems
	4. Women who supported the Prohibition movement

Base your answer to question 9 on the passage below and on your knowledge of social studies.



1. According to the passage, what did those who adopted this pledge believe?
	1. Religion had no place in national politics
	2. Congress should repeal Prohibition
	3. Alcohol consumption was damaging to society
	4. Only the government can solve social problems

Base your answer to question 10 on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.



1. What is the principal message of the cartoon regarding the Standard Oil Company?
	1. Used its size to lower the prices of its products
	2. Protected the nation from foreign competition
	3. Used its economic power to influence government decisions
	4. Employed violence to gain an unfair advantage for its workers