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AP World History Themes

The AP World History Course is organized around 5 "big picture" themes of history that help students relate and organize their thinking about how the particulars of a time period can be compared to others AND how historical concepts can be thought of in terms of change and continuity over time.

APWH THEMES	Outline (?s historians ask & examples of each time)+ Summary in your own words
<u>S</u> ocial—Development and transformation of Social Structures	
*Gender Roles	
*Family & Kinship relationships	
*Racial & Ethnic constructs	
*Social/Economic class	
<u>P</u> olitical—State building, expansion, and conflicts	
*Political structures & government forms	
*Empires	
*Nations & Nationalism	
*Revolts & Revolutions	
*Regional or global organizations	
<u>InteractionsHow people and their</u> environments relate to each other	
*Demography & disease	
*Migration	
*Patterns of settlement	
*Science &Technology	
<u>C</u> ultural—The development & interaction of cultures	
*Religion	
*Belief systems, philosophy, & ideology	
*Arts & architecture	
*Ways of day to day life	
<u>E</u> conomic—Creation, expansion, & interaction of economic systems	
*Agricultural & pastoral production	
*Trade & Commerce	
*Labor Systems	
*Industrialization	
*Capitalism and Socialism	

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SPICE PRACTICE

AP World History <u>THEME</u>	My SPICE	<u>Partner</u>	Comparison
		<u>SPICE</u>	Similarity/Difference?
Social— The Development and transformation of Social Structures			S.
*Gender Roles			
*Family & Kinship relationships			D.
*Racial & Ethnic constructs			5.
*Social/Economic class			
<u>P</u> olitical—State building, expansion, & conflicts			S.
*Political structures & government forms			
*Empires			D.
*Nations & Nationalism			2.
*Revolts & Revolutions			
*Regional or global organizations			
<u>InteractionsHow people and their</u> environments relate to each other			S.
*Demography & disease			
*Migration			D.
*Patterns of settlement			
*Science & Technology			
<u>C</u> ultural—The development & interaction of cultures			S.
*Religion			
*Belief systems, philosophy, & ideology			D.
*Arts & architecture			5.
*Ways of day to day life			
<u>E</u> conomic—Creation, expansion, & interaction of economic systems			S.
*Agricultural & pastoral production			
*Trade & Commerce			D.
*Labor Systems			
*Industrialization			
*Capitalism and Socialism			